PUGET SOUND NAVAL SHIPYARD

CONFINED AQUATIC DISPOSAL OF CONTAMINATED AND UNSUITABLE MARINE SEDIMENTS

OU B Marine Remedial Action and FY00 MCON Project P-338



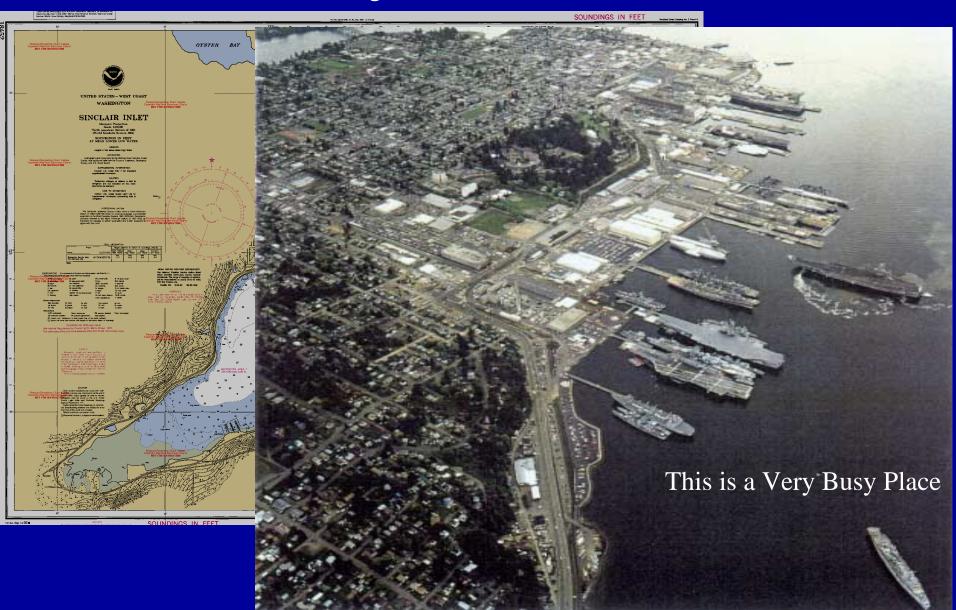






Project Location



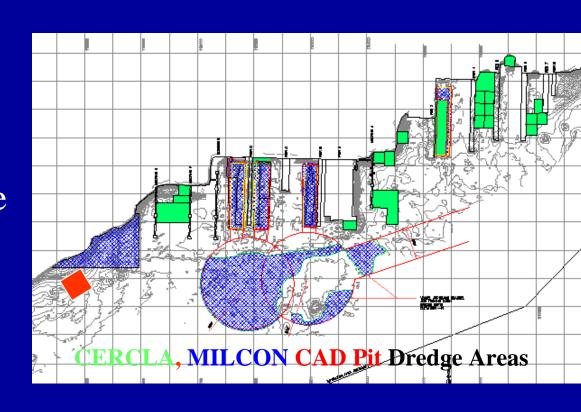




Overview of the Project



- Combines Two
 Projects Under a
 Single Contract
- Dredge Volumes
 - 150,000 cy CERCLA
 - 340,000 cy MILCON
 - 350,000 cy Pit CAD
- Required to Minimize Operational Disruptions







Early Design Development

- Draft FS Alternatives
 - Nearshore CAD
 - Pit CAD "Offsite"
 - Prohibited by DNR on State Lands
- Preferred Alternative
 - Nearshore CAD
 - Subtidal Berm/Dike
 - Sand Cap
 - Create New Intertidal Habitat

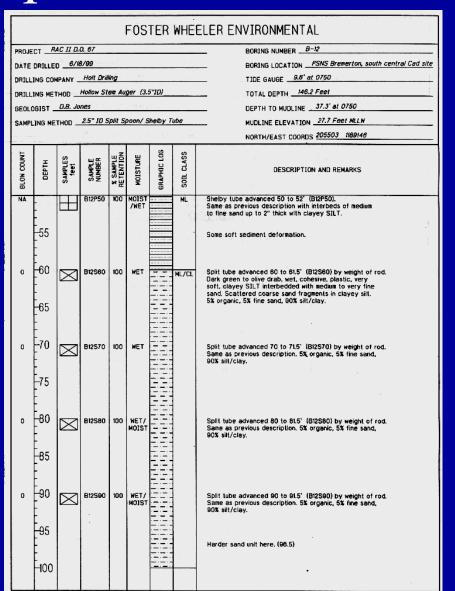




Nearshore CAD Design Development



- Performed Geotechnical Boring Program
- Results:
 - Very Soft Sediments
 - "Zero" Blow Count toDepth of 130 feet



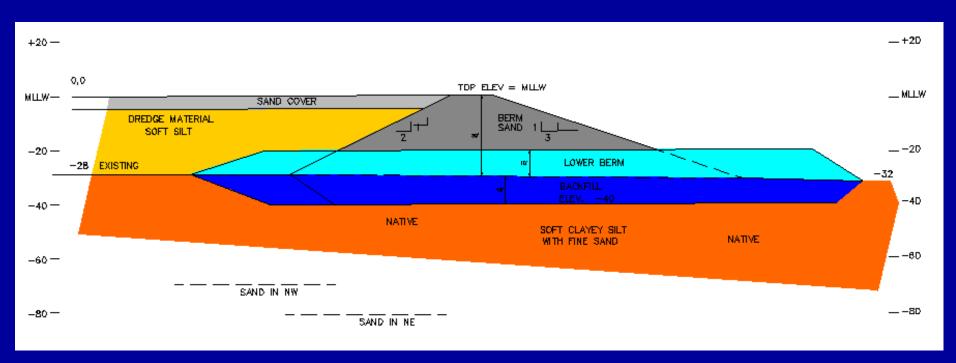


Nearshore CAD Design



- Soft Foundation Required:
 - Pre Excavation
 - Buttressing
 - Staged (2 yr)Construction for Consolidation

- Consequence was:
 - Unacceptable Delay
 - Costly Solution
 - Limited Capacity







CAD Design Development

- Issues w/ Nearshore CAD
 - Construction Time
 - MILCON Required a June 2000 Start
 - Limited Capacity
 - Costly
 - Loss of Habitat

- Develop Cost Model
 - Upland Disposal of
 Unsuitable MILCON of
 up to \$10M Greater than
 Pit Disposal

Was There a Better Way?



CAD Design Development



Solution

- Navy Has Fee SimpleOwnership to OuterHarbor Line
- Identify Pit CADAlternative on NavyProperty
- DNR Issue Rendered Moot





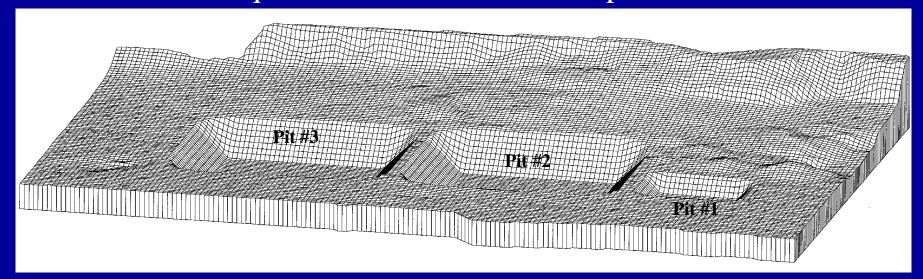


Pit CAD Design Development

- First: Sized for
 - MILCON UnsuitableVolume
 - CERCLA Volume

- Second: Pit Surface Sediments Assumed Unsuitable for Open Water Disposal
- Solution: A Three Pit System

Sequential Excavation and Disposal

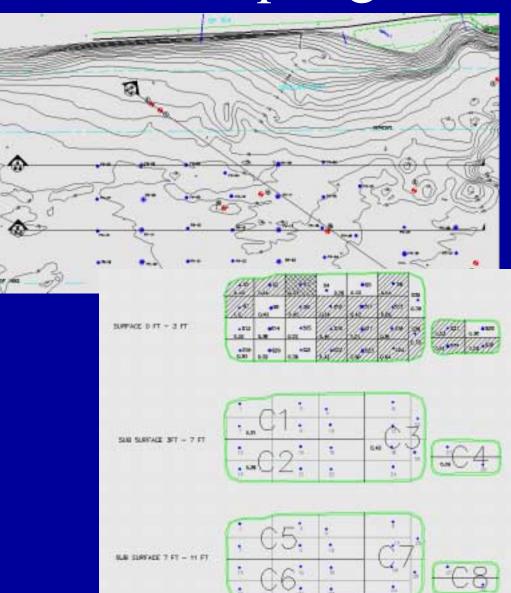






Pit CAD DMMP Sampling

- DMMP Process
 - Based on "Worst
 Case" Sizing of Pit or
 Close to 700,000 cy
- Required
 - 29 Samples 0-3 ft
 - 18 Samples 3-7, 7-18 ft
 - No Sampling below 18
 - Ran Chemical &Biological Tests on All
- Results
 - One 4,000 cy SurfaceUnit Failed





Final Pit CAD Design



- Criteria
 - Design had to Assume"Worst Case" Scenario
 - MILCON Resampled
 Able to Reduce Disposal
 Volume to 345,000 cy
- Concurrently Obtained OK for Beneficial Use of Over 85,000 cy for:
 - Stockpile for Final CADCap
 - Nearshore HabitatEnhancement &CERCLA Cap





Pit CAD Construction Phase



- Subcontract Evaluation/Selection Process Initiated
 - General Construction Selected (



- Equipment mobilized
 - DB Los Angeles 225 ton 25 cy environmental bucket
 - DB Seattle 165 ton 24 cy environmental bucket
 - DB Olympia 80 ton APE 200 vibratory hammer
 - DB Tacoma 37 ton 4.5 cy clamshell bucket
 - 3 split-hull bottom dump barges
 - 2 flat deck barges
 - 2 tug boats
 - 1 bathymetric survey/water quality monitoring work boat
 - office trailers





Other Concurrent Approvals

- ARARS with
 - State Fish and Wildlife
 - Ecology
 - EPA
- Endangered Species Act (ESA)
 - Prepared Biological Assessment
- Tribes





Pit CAD Construction







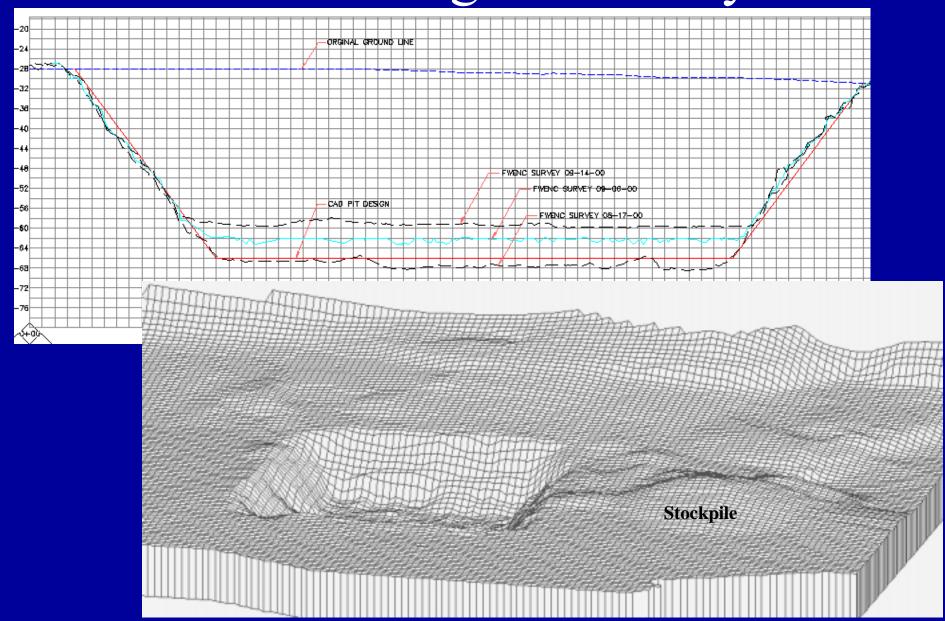
Pit CAD Construction





Pit CAD Progress Surveys







Survey and Water Quality Monitoring



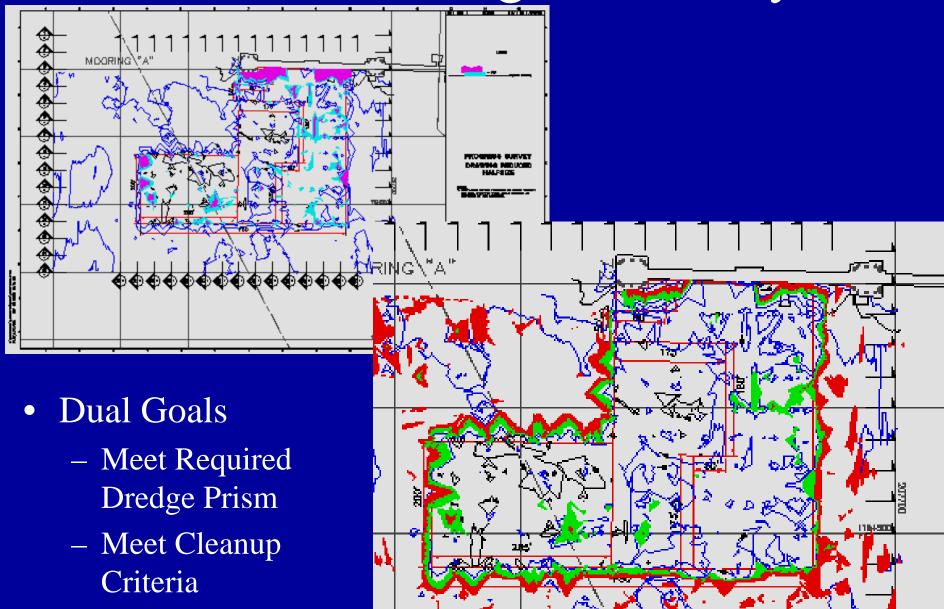
- Daily Bathymetric Surveys
- Extensive Water Quality Monitoring
 - In Situ STD, Oxygen, Turbidity
 - Current Profiling
 - Chemical Analysis
- Pre Dredge Side Scan for Debris/Gas Cylinders





Remediation Progress Surveys









Where Are We Now? Where Are We Headed?

- Pit CAD Completed on August 15th
- CERCLA Dredging Underway
- MILCON Dredging Underway
- On Schedule to Complete Dredging by February, 2001

- Place Interim CAD
 Sand Cap by March
 15, 2001
- Allow Pit to
 Consolidate During
 Fisheries Closure
- Complete CAD Cap in July, 2001

